Wisconsin Geological & Natural History Survey





We provide **objective scientific information** *about the* geology, mineral resources, and water resources of Wisconsin



PARTNERING WITH THE NATURE CONSERVANCY (TNC)

WGNHS is producing a groundwater model of a priority wetland near Lulu Lake. TNC is providing funding and is bringing high school students into the field to collect the data that is critical to the model. The model will help decision-makers decide the best way to protect this special place in the Mukwonago basin. (WALWORTH COUNTY)





BEDROCK DRILLING-THE CORE OF OUR WORK WGNHS collected approximately 1,600 feet of rock core in the 2017 drilling season. The core provides valuable data for our geologic mapping program that focuses on areas of scientific interest and societal needs. The work is supported by funding from the USGS STATEMAP Program. (DODGE, DOOR, TREMPEALEAU COUNTIES)



MAPPING THE BARABOO HILLS In 2017, WGNHS continued mapping the rocks, folds, and faults that created the ancient mountains that are now only remnants in the Baraboo Hills. As we piece together the shape of Wisconsin's basement rock in the subsurface, we are finding pockets and valleys in the Precambrian surface. Those low spots trap poor water quality that is tapped by deep wells in the overlying Cambrian aquifer. (COLUMBIA, DODGE, SAUK COUNTIES)

The breadth, depth, and positive impact of the Wisconsin Geological and Natural History Survey is something Wisconsin residents can be proud of.

> SCOTT VALITCHKA **Kompas Business Partners**

THE RIVER THAT FLOWS UPHILL

WGNHS has documented that millions of years ago the lower Wisconsin River flowed easterly across the Driftless Area from Prairie du Chien. The ancient river flowed east—what is now uphill until it was "pirated" to become part of Mississippi River as we know it today.

COVER IMAGE: PRECAMBRIAN OUTCROP, BAXTER'S HOLLOW ESTHER STEWART





SULFIDE NODULES – NATURAL TOXINS

We have found that when sulfide nodules like these occur near the water table, private wells may be contaminated with metals. As we map the bedrock in westcentral Wisconsin, we are also

tracking the horizontal and vertical distribution of these minerals. This information will help well drillers and well owners. (BUFFALO, PEPIN, TREMPEALEAU COUNTIES)

NITRATE IN

GROUNDWATER With funding from the

Wisconsin DNR, WGNHS is studying changes in

nitrate through time and

space in groundwater

below agricultural fields

of different soil textures.

Our research will allow

us to separate natural

(SAUK COUNTY)

causes from man-made.

INDUSTRIAL SAND POTENTIAL AND GROUNDWATER QUALITY

We mapped the rock that contains frac sand as well as the rock that overlies it. We found that the cover rock—which is commonly excavated, piled on-site, then used as fill during reclamation—can sometimes be a potential source of natural groundwater contamination. (BUFFALO, PEPIN, TREMPEALEAU COUNTIES)



BIG DATA FROM SMALL STREAMS

Good groundwater models include the interactions between groundwater and surface water and the best models have the best data. Scientists from WGNHS, USGS, UW–Madison, and Beloit College are collecting data from representative streams. This work collects multiple stream parameters in a single pass and provides snapshots of groundwater/surface water interactions. (ASHLAND, DANE, GRANT, PORTAGE, VILAS, WALWORTH COUNTIES)

GLACIAL GEOLOGY OF CALUMET AND MANITOWOC COUNTIES

Map and report available at **wgnhs.org**.

2017 by the numbers

Field work

- WORKING ON PROJECTS IN 69 COUNTIES
- 1,600 feet of rock core drilled
- 3,476 feet of geoprobe core drilled
- 197 monitoring wells measured
- 20 municipal wells logged

Core repository

- MAINTAINING A ROCK LIBRARY
- **660,000** feet of rock core **17,400** rock thin sections **15,100** rock hand specimens
- 11,300 water well cuttings

Education and outreach

27,500 publications downloaded
15,300 educational contacts
3,000 Facebook likes
1,800 Twitter followers
109 talks and professional papers

Geologic data MAKING OUR DATA AVAILABLE

- 633 mineral reports and historical well records scanned
- 286 legacy drillholes geolocated

2017 TOTAL REVENUE \$2.4 MILLION 65% STATE FUNDING 859 programmin Where our money How the money came from was used

24 employees, 31 students and interns



GROUNDWATER-LEVEL

MONITORING NETWORK Since 1946, WGNHS and USGS have jointly operated Wisconsin's

groundwater-level monitoring network. Scientists and land-use managers routinely use these long-

term data to evaluate the response of groundwater levels to drought, floods, pumping, or other changes. With funding from USGS, we also evaluated and repaired seven of the 93 wells in the network. (STATEWIDE)

KARST MODEL OPENS WINDOW INTO GROUNDWATER

WGNHS designed and produced a threedimensional model using painted foam—that shows surface water and groundwater flow in caves, sinkholes, and the fractured rock of eastern Wisconsin. The model encouraged lots of questions and provided some answers for farmers, UWEX colleagues, and the general public. (KEWAUNEE COUNTY)



IFFE MILLER/UW-MADISON



GEOLOGY OF THE CENTRAL SANDS WGNHS collaborated with geoscientists from UW-Madison and UW-Oshkosh to map glacial tunnel channels and the surface geology of western Waushara County. The information will be used to help characterize the aquifers that feed lakes in the Central Sands and will support groundwater modeling of the area. This project is funded by the USGS Great Lakes Geologic Mapping Coalition. (WAUSHARA COUNTY)



INVENTORYING SPRINGS

We completed our inventory of Wisconsin springs. We now have 415 springs from around Wisconsin in our database. This project continues with long-term seasonal monitoring of eight reference springs for flow, water quality, and ecology. (STATEWIDE)



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